

MFL - Intent, Implementation and Impact statement



This document outlines: the intent and rationale behind the French curriculum, how to deliver it and how to measure pupil progress.



INTENT

At St. Mary's, our French scheme of work aims to instil a love of language learning and an awareness of other cultures. We want pupils to develop the confidence to communicate in French for practical purposes, using both written and spoken French. Through our scheme of work, we aim to give pupils a foundation for language learning that encourages and enables them to apply their skills to learning further languages, developing a strong understanding of the English language, facilitating future study and opening opportunities to study and work in other countries in the future. Our French scheme of work supports pupils to meet the National curriculum end of Key stage 2 attainment targets (there are no Key stage 1 attainment targets for Languages).

IMPLEMENTATION

At St. Mary's, our French scheme of work is based on the units provided by KAPOW, which have been selected to form our specific scheme of work. These units are supported by other resources, which may be teacher-made, from Twinkl, Grammasaurus, Youtube or other websites.

The French scheme of work is designed with three knowledge strands that run throughout our units with knowledge building cumulatively.

These are:

- Phonics
- Vocabulary

- Grammar

This knowledge can then be applied within our skills strands, which also run throughout each unit in the scheme:

- Language comprehension (Listening and reading)
- Language production (Speaking and writing)

Our National curriculum coverage shows which of our units cover each of the National curriculum attainment targets as well as each of the strands.

Our Progression of skills and knowledge shows the skills and knowledge that are taught within each year group and how these skills develop to ensure that attainment targets are securely met by the end of Key Stage 2.

Through the French scheme, pupils are given opportunities to communicate for practical purposes around familiar subjects and routines. The scheme provides balanced opportunities for communication in both spoken and written French, although in Year 3 the focus is on developing oral skills, before incorporating written French in Year 4 and beyond.

The scheme is a spiral curriculum, with key skills and vocabulary revisited repeatedly with increasing complexity, allowing pupils to revise and build on their previous learning. Cross-curricular links are included throughout our French units, allowing children to make connections and apply their language skills to other areas of their learning.

Lessons incorporate a range of teaching strategies from independent tasks, paired and group work including role-play, language games and language detective work.

Our scheme of work focuses on developing 'language detective skills' and developing an understanding of French grammar, and key vocabulary rather than on committing to memory vast amounts of French vocabulary. Pronunciation is emphasised early on using Kapow's 'Mouth mechanics' videos to support pupils with phoneme pronunciation in French.

Differentiated guidance is available for every lesson to ensure that lessons can be accessed and enjoyed by all. In order to help pupils, retain their French learning, Kapow provides information about how to incorporate French into the classroom environment every day in the 'During the week' sections.

Strong subject knowledge is vital for staff to be able to deliver a highly effective languages curriculum. Each unit of lessons includes multiple teacher videos to develop subject knowledge and support ongoing CPD. This has been created by Kapow, with the understanding that many teachers do not feel confident delivering the full languages curriculum and every effort has been made to ensure that they feel supported to deliver lessons of a high standard that ensure pupil progression.

Lessons include a section entitled, 'Teacher knowledge - language points' to explain key grammar and other details to the teacher before the lesson, together with a Key vocabulary and pronunciation presentation with sound files to demonstrate the correct pronunciation. Many of

the other presentations included in the lessons also include sound files, supporting teachers who are less confident with their own pronunciation to deliver the lesson and support the children's learning.

Each KS2, class has three units to cover each academic year, one each term. French lessons are taught every other week, being alternated with music or another subject when the specialist music teacher is with the class. Lessons last between 45 minutes to one hour.

Each unit starts with the Knowledge Organiser from Kapow being fastened into children's exercise books and pupils are encouraged to use these throughout the unit.

Each pupil is assessed at the end of each unit with the Kapow assessment quizzes, which are also glued into pupils' books.

There is a lunch time French club each week during the Autumn term, which helps to raise the profile of French throughout KS2.

Each year, we participate in the European Day of Languages, on 26th September. This is for the whole school and activities are planned around the theme for that year. Children can wear colours of the French flag or European flags. Activities can include food tasting, learning about European countries, landmarks, flags, learning phrases and songs in different languages.

IMPACT

The impact of the scheme can be monitored continuously through both formative and summative assessment. Each Kapow lesson includes guidance to support teachers in assessing pupils against the learning objectives. An assessment spreadsheet is also available to record children's progress in each lesson to enable teachers to build a picture of their learning through each unit.

Each pupil is assessed at the end of each unit with the Kapow assessment quizzes, which are glued into pupils' books. Teachers use itrack to record pupil data each term in MFL, identifying if pupils are working towards, expected or at the greater depth standards.

After the implementation of French, pupils should leave school equipped with a range of language-learning skills to enable them to study French, or any other language, with confidence at Key Stage 3.

The expected impact of following the French scheme of work is that children will:

- Be able to engage in purposeful dialogue in practical situations (e.g., ordering in a cafe, following directions) and express an opinion.
- Make increasingly accurate attempts to read unfamiliar words, phrases, and short texts.
- Speak and read aloud with confidence and accuracy in pronunciation.
- Demonstrate understanding of spoken language by listening and responding appropriately.
- Use a bilingual dictionary to support their language learning.

- Be able to identify word classes in a sentence and apply grammatical rules they have learnt.
- Have developed an awareness of cognates and near-cognates and be able to use them to tackle unfamiliar words in French, English, and other languages.
- Be able to construct short texts on familiar topics.
- Meet the end of Key Stage 2 stage expectations outlined in the National curriculum for Languages.